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Datasheet for ABIN2784635  
**anti-EML1 antibody (C-Term)**

1 Image

### Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	EML1
Binding Specificity:	C-Term
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Rabbit, Cow, Guinea Pig, Horse, Zebrafish (Danio rerio)
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This EML1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB)

### Product Details

Immunogen:	The immunogen is a synthetic peptide directed towards the C terminal region of human EML1
Sequence:	YPCSQFRAPS HIYGGHSSHV TNVDFLCEDS HLISTGGKDT SIMQWRVI
Predicted Reactivity:	Cow: 93%, Dog: 100%, Guinea Pig: 92%, Horse: 93%, Human: 100%, Mouse: 100%, Rabbit: 92%, Rat: 100%, Zebrafish: 93%
Characteristics:	This is a rabbit polyclonal antibody against EML1. It was validated on Western Blot using a cell lysate as a positive control.
Purification:	Affinity Purified

### Target Details

Target:	EML1
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## Target Details

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Alternative Name: [EML1 \(EML1 Products\)](#)

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Background: Human echinoderm microtubule-associated protein-like is a strong candidate for the Usher syndrome type 1A gene. Usher syndromes (USHs) are a group of genetic disorders consisting of congenital deafness, retinitis pigmentosa, and vestibular dysfunction of variable onset and severity depending on the genetic type. The disease process in USHs involves the entire brain and is not limited to the posterior fossa or auditory and visual systems. The USHs are categorized as type I (USH1A, USH1B, USH1C, USH1D, USH1E and USH1F), type II (USH2A and USH2B) and type III (USH3). The type I is the most severe form. Human echinoderm microtubule-associated protein-like is a strong candidate for the Usher syndrome type 1A gene. Usher syndromes (USHs) are a group of genetic disorders consisting of congenital deafness, retinitis pigmentosa, and vestibular dysfunction of variable onset and severity depending on the genetic type. The disease process in USHs involves the entire brain and is not limited to the posterior fossa or auditory and visual systems. The USHs are categorized as type I (USH1A, USH1B, USH1C, USH1D, USH1E and USH1F), type II (USH2A and USH2B) and type III (USH3). The type I is the most severe form. Gene loci responsible for these three types are all mapped. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Alias Symbols: ELP79, EMAP, EMAPL, FLJ45033, HuEMAP

Protein Interaction Partner: TUBB3, TUBA1B, ISG20L2, DCUN1D1, GRID1, GRID2,

Protein Size: 834

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Molecular Weight: 92 kDa

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Gene ID: 2009

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NCBI Accession: [NM\\_001008707](#), [NP\\_001008707](#)

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UniProt: [O00423](#)

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## Application Details

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Application Notes: Optimal working dilutions should be determined experimentally by the investigator.

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Comment: Antigen size: 834 AA

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Restrictions: For Research Use only

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## Handling

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Format: Liquid

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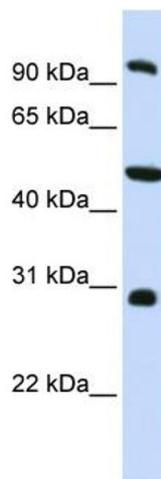
Concentration: Lot specific

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## Handling

Buffer:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09 % (w/v) sodium azide and 2 % sucrose.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	For short term use, store at 2-8°C up to 1 week. For long term storage, store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## Images



### Western Blotting

#### Image 1. WB Suggested Anti-EML1 Antibody Titration:

0.2-1 ug/ml

**ELISA Titer:** 1:62500

**Positive Control:** HepG2 cell lysate